

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Agricultural Research Administration
Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine
Washington 25, D. C.

B. E. P. Q. 403, 2d Revision
Supplement No. 1

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PLANT QUARANTINE IMPORT RESTRICTIONS

OF THE

REPUBLIC OF FRANCE

IMPORTATION OF CONIFERS RESTRICTED

Ministers of Agriculture and of the Budget
Order of October 7, 1950

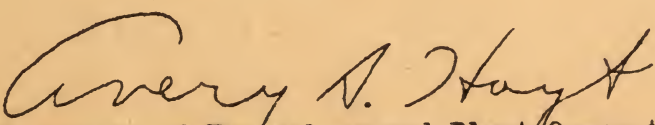
Article 1. Imports into France of plants and plant parts of the Conifers group, either greenhouse grown or field grown, are authorized under the condition that shipments be accompanied with a phytosanitary certificate issued by the official authorities of the country of origin, who will attest specifically that both the products therewith and those grown in the region of origin, were inspected and found free from Rhabdocline pseudotsugae.

Article 2. Renders invalid Decree of November 20, 1930.

Article 3. Services responsible for enforcement of this Order.

The above Order received from the Agricultural Attache in Embassy in Paris in Despatch No. 990 dated October 25, 1950, lifts the prohibition against the importation of plants and parts of plants of the genera Abies, Picea, Pinus, Pseudotsuga and Tsuga, found on page 7 of B. E. P. Q. 403, 2d Revision under the heading "NEEDLE CAST OF CONIFERS". The appropriate statement under "IMPORTATION PROHIBITED" on page 1 should also be deleted.

The "Conifers group" apparently includes Araucaria, Plum-yew, Cypress, Juniper, Arbor Vitae, Chamaecyparis, Pine, Larch, True Cedar, Hemlock, Fir, Spruce, Douglas-fir, Podocarpus, Yew, Taxodium and Sequoia.


Chief, Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine



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